CATALOG DESCRIPTION

Fundamentals of instrumental chemical analysis. Topics include: statistical methods, digital control and data acquisition, gas/liquid chromatography, emission/absorption spectroscopy, capillary electrophoresis, volumetric, gravimetric, and electrochemical analysis. For chemistry and some pre-professional majors.

Prerequisites: CHEM 112

Semester Offered: Spring

| Common Student Learning Outcomes Upon successful completion of San Juan College programs and degrees, the student will demonstrate competency in |
|---|
| BROAD AND SPECIALIZED LEARNING Students will actively and independently acquire, apply, and adapt skills and knowledge with an awareness of global contexts. |
| CRITICAL THINKING Students will think analytically and creatively to explore ideas, make connections, draw conclusions and solve problems. |
| CULTURAL AND CIVIC ENGAGEMENT Students will act purposefully, reflectively, and ethically in diverse and complex environments. |
| EFFECTIVE COMMUNICATION Students will exchange ideas and information with clarity in multiple contexts. |
| INFORMATION LITERACY Students will be able to recognize when information is needed and have the ability to locate, evaluate, and use it effectively. |
| INTEGRATING TECHNOLOGIES Students will demonstrate fluency in the application and use of technologies in multiple contexts. |
| Student work from this class may be randomly selected and used anonymously for assessment of course, program, and/or institutional learning outcomes. For more information, please refer to the Dean of the appropriate School. |

Course Learning Outcomes

Upon successful completion of the course, the student will be able to...

- 1. Prepare solutions of desired molarity.
- 2. Interconvert between molarity, weight percent, parts per million, and parts per billion.
- 3. Perform equilibrium constant calculations, manipulations, and apply towards Le Chatelier's principle.
- 4. Use the buoyancy equation and correct for buoyancy.
- 5. Correctly use volumetric glassware such as burets, flasks, and pipets.
- 6. Calibrate volumetric glassware.
- 7. Describe and perform filtration, and drying procedures.
- 8. Describe and perform dissolution, fusion, digestion, and extraction sample prep procedures.

- 9. Use correct significant figures in calculations.
- 10. Describe and distinguish systematic and random errors.
- 11. Compute absolute and relative uncertainty.
- 12. Propagate errors in calculations.
- 13. Properly set up, annotate, and use spreadsheets.
- 14. Use spreadsheets for graphing.
- 15. Calculate mean, standard deviation, and relative standard deviation.
- 16. Compute and use the F test to determine if two sets of measurements are statistically different.
- 17. Use student's t to compute the confidence interval of replicate measurements.
- 18. Compare means with student's t test to determine if they are statistically different.
- 19. Set up a spread sheet for the t test.
- 20. Use Grubbs test for determining outliers.
- 21. Construct a calibration curve including error bars using a spread sheet.
- 22. Set up a spreadsheet to compute slope and intercept with errors using least squares analysis.
- 23. Outline quality assurance procedures and methods.
- 24. Perform analysis by standard addition.
- 25. Set up and use a spreadsheet for standard addition.
- 26. Perform analysis using internal standards.
- 27. Perform a back titration.
- 28. Perform a blank titration.
- 29. Perform a direct titration.
- 30. Perform a standardization.
- 31. Perform Volhard and Fajans argentometric titrations.
- 32. Perform gravimetric analysis.
- 33. Calculate pH and concentrations involved in acid base equilibria.
- 34. Prepare buffer solutions.
- 35. Use pH electrode and spreadsheet to find the endpoint numerically in an acid base titration.
- 36. Perform a Kjeldahl nitrogen analysis.
- 37. Compute ionic strength of solutions.
- 38. Compute activity coefficients.
- 39. Compute activities of species in solution.
- 40. Perform an EDTA titration.
- 41. Analyze and diagram an electrochemical cell.
- 42. Compute electrode and cell potentials.
- 43. Describe and use reference electrodes.
- 44. Describe how a AgCl electrode works.
- 45. Describe how a calomel electrode works.
- 46. Interconvert potentials between different reference electrodes.
- 47. Describe and use a silver indicator electrode.
- 48. Describe and use ion selective electrodes.
- 49. Describe and use pH electrodes.
- 50. Describe and use amperometry and voltammetry techniques.
- 51. Perform cyclic voltammetry in chemical analysis.
- 52. Describe and calculate properties and quantities involving light.
- 53. Use Beer's law.
- 54. Describe single and double beam spectrophotometers.
- 55. Describe photo-detection schemes including diode array and photo-multiplier-tubes.
- 56. Describe fluorescence and phosphorescence physical processes.
- 57. Describe absorbance and luminescence instrumentation.
- 58. Describe processes and components of an atomic absorption spectrophotometer.
- 59. Describe processes and components of an inductively coupled plasma spectrophotometer.
- 60. Perform analysis using an inductively coupled plasma spectrophotometer.

- 61. Describe gas/liquid chromatographic theory, equipment, and techniques.
- 62. Describe capillary electrophoresis theory, equipment, and techniques.
- 63. Calculate theoretical plates and resolution of columns.
- 64. Describe band dynamics.
- 65. Perform quantitative analysis using Gas Chromatography Mass Spectroscopy.